The Democrats elect the rest of their ticket, except one constable. There is a large falling off from the usual Democratic majority. O. P. Hitch, Republican, is elected by 59 majority in Millcreek township. Logan township has gone Republican by a large majority, there being out little opposition.

DELAWARE COUNTY. MUNCIE, April 7 .- The election in this, Center, township to-day terminated in the election of the entire Republican ticket by majorities ranging near 200, a decrease of nearly six hundred from last year. The elected are: Trustee. George McLaughtin; assessor; Stanton J. Hussey; justices of the peace, J. C. Eiler, B. Beehimer and John A. Hamilton; constables, W. E. Floyd, J. K. Miller and Mike Thorp. Joseph Hummel, Democratic nominee for trustee, ran ahead of his ticket two hundred. In the city primary for clerk, Wm. N. Jackson, one of six candidates, was nominated by 33 votes over Jacob Turner. The vote was small.

HENRY COUNTY. NEW CASTLE, April 7 .- Returns received so far indicate that the Republicans elect ten and the Democrats three township trustees in Henry county. A light vote was polled in this city, there being a falling off of nearly three hundred from the vote two years ago. Local interests figured in several townships to the exclusion of politics, whereby the Republicans gained one trustee, one assessor and two justices of the peace, and the Democrats one

HOWARD COUNTY. Kokomo, April 7.—The township elections were sharply contested in every township in this county. The present trustees are four Democrats and seven Republicans. The result of to-day's balloting, though not officially known, will almost certainly show a gain of three trustees for the Republicans, making the representation of trustees for the ensuing four years stand one Democrat and ten Republicans. In this township, Center, E. S. Hockett, Republic-an, is re-elected by a majority of 300. In Taylor township several Democrats were caught buying votes, and sufficient evidence is at hand to insure their conviction, and they will be vigorously prosecuted.

JAY COUNTY. PORTLAND, April 7 .- This (Wayne) township, gives Homer Bosworth, Republican, a majority of 73. Two years ago the Democrats carried this township. No returns from other townships.

JOHNSON COUNTY. FRANKLIN, April 7 .- The Republicans elected the whole ticket in this (Franklin) township, by slightly reduced majorities. R. A. Brown, editor of the Franklin Republican, was elected trustee by 109 majority. The Democrats carried Needham township by 23. Blue River, by 49; Pleasant, by 4, and will probably have eight of the nine trustees, a gain of two for them.

LAPORTE COUNTY. LAPORTE, April 7 .- Returns are not all in. but the indications are that Wm. Kellerman, Democrat, is elected trustee in this (Center) township by 150 majority over Phelps, Republican. Returns from two out-side townships, Scipio and Hudson, give Republican majorities. The entire Democratic ticket is undoubtedly elected in Center township.

MARTIN COUNTY. SHOALS, April 7 .- The Republicans make a gain of one trustee in Martin county and elect a mugwump in another, the Democrats practically losing two trustees more than last year, leaving a majority of two trustees to the Democrats and insuring the election of a Democratic county superin-

MIAMI COUNTY.

PERU, April 7 .- Fair weather and a quiet election was the order of the day. In this township A. McElheny, Democratic trustee, was elected by 432 majority, a gain of 100. The entire balance of the Democratic ticket was elected. Of the outside townships nothing positive is known, but indications point to a return of seven Republican trustees, making, as heretofore, a tie vote. Indifference of the Republicans is the cause of the decided defeat in this

MONTGOMERY COUNTY. CRAWFORDSVILLE, April 7 .- David Hartman, Republican, was elected trustee of Union township by fourteen majority. Two years ago the Republicans carried the township by three hundred and eighteen majority. Reports from other townships indicate Democratic gains in the Demo-

MORGAN COUNTY. MARTINSVILLE, April 7 .- A very large vote was polled throughout Morgan county to-day, and considerable scratching was done, consequently, returns are slow in coming in. Only five of the fourteen townships have been heard from. Three of these elect Republican trustees, and give Matthews, for prosecutor, increased major-

RUSH COUNTY. RUSHVILLE, April 7.—The election in this township was a bitter fight, the Democrats having for their candidate an independent, William Beale. The Republican candidate was elected by 91 majority. The trustees of this county, from present indications, will be seven Republicans and six Demo-SCOTT COUNTY.

SCOTTSBURG, April 7.- The Republicans

elected trustee, assessor and some smaller officers in this (Vienna) township. The other four townships are probably Demo-TIPPECANOE COUNTY. LAFAYETTE, April 7.- In the outside town-

ships, to-day, there is but little change in the results from two years ago. In this city, Sims, Democrat, is elected trustee. and nnofficial figures indicate that the entire Democratic township ticket is elected. Two years ago a Republican was elected by 687. In several precincts the election boards refused to count the Democratic ballots for justices of the peace because they contained four names, while the official notice of election called for but two justices to be chosen. If these are thrown out the Republican justices will all be elected.

UNION COUNTY. LIBERTY, April 7.-The Republicans gained one trustee in this county to-day." VIGO COUNTY.

TERRE HAUTE, April 7.-The Democrats carry this township by increased majorities only one Republican candidate for justice of the peace being elected. Peker, Demoerat, for trustee, has 1,200 majority where he expected only 300. Stay-at-home Re-publicans did it.

WABASH COUNTY. WABASH, April 7 .- The election here today was the quietest known in years. No interest was manifested by the members of either party, and a very light vote was polled. In this township the entire Republican ticket, headed by Capt. Joseph M. Thompson, was elected by a plurality of two hundred and fifty. The Republicans carry all the other townships in the county, with the possible exception of LaGro, which may be Democratic by a small plu-

rality. The loss in LaGro is offset by the gain of Pleasaut, which goes Republican for the first time in four years. WASHINGTON COUNTY. SALEM, April 7 .- Republicans are jubilant. They swept everything, electing the entire ticket in Washington township by majorities ranging from fifty to 131. The largest is the majority of Mansford Coffman, re-elected trustee. The Republican

central committee believe they have elected six out of the thirteen trustees in the county. Stratton, Republican, has fifteen majority in Brown township. WAYNE COUNTY. CAMBRIDGE CITY, April 7 .- F. C. Mosbaugh, Republican, was elected by a majority of 118 to fill the office of trustee of Jack-

son township here to-day.

RESULTS IN OTHER STATES.

Cincinnati Democrats Elect Most of Their Candidates by 2,000 Majority.

CINCINNATI, April 7 .- The vote at the municipal election to-day, for judge of the Superior Court, clerk of police court, di-

rector of city infirmary, magistrate and members of the boards of councilmen and education, was very light. The Republicans at midnight seem to have a majority of one in the Board of Education, of two in the Board of Councilmen, both of which were heretofore overwhelmingly Republican. The Democrats elected all other officers by about 2,000 majority, except clerk of the police court, whom the Republicans elected by 2,000 majority.

Kansas Women Cast a Large Vote. KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.- Municipal elections were held throughout Kansas today in cities of the fourth class. Reports from several of these cities indicate that the women, who are allowed by law to vote at the city elections, cast about twofifths of the votes. They had no candidates in the field of their own sex, but allied themselves generally with one or the other of the parties in the contest. At the election at Oskaloosa last year the women run a full city ticket and elected it. At the present election the women declined to run for re-election. They said they had placed the city's affairs in good condition, and were willing to let the men try and keep them so. They worked at the polls to-day and carried the election for the successful

After one of the most hotly-contested campaigns ever known at Edgerton, the women's ticket was elected as follows: Mayor, Mrs. W. H. Kelley; police judge, Mrs. Thomas Greer; councilmen, Mrs. S. E. Ewart, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Holden, Mrs. Nat Ross and Mrs. Brown.

Republican Losses in Michigan. DETROIT, Mich., April 8 .- Charter elections were held very generally throughout the State to-day. In many instances the issues were purely of a local nature, but where politics entered into the fight the returns, so far as received, show Democratic victories. Among the larger places, Kalamazoo, Ypsilanti, Marshall, Holland, Munroe and Hillsdale went Republican, while Lansing, Grand Rapids, Jackson, West Bay City and Muskegon have gone almost solidly Democratic. In the villages and townships the parties are about equally divided, with slight Democratic majorities in the prependerance.

Democrats Carry Dayton, O. DAYTON, O., April 7.-Returns are late in coming in owing to the city having been redistricted, in consequence of which there. was only one polling place in each ward. The Democrats have elected their entire city ticket, and carried eleven out of fifteen wards. J. E. D. Ward, Democrat, for Mayor, has about 1,000 majority over the Winter Palace, and this in itself is enough Republican candidate. The Democrats to fill the public mind with the terror of a will have an overwhelming majority in the City Council and Board of Education, both of which have hitherto been Republican. At 1:30 A. M., two wards are still out. The vote was light.

Democratic Gains at Cleveland. CLEVELAND, O., April 7 .- The Democrats. to-day, at the city election, elected their entire municipal ticket, comprising committeemen of the police, fire, cemetery and water-works board and a justice of the peace, by pluralities ranging from 298 to 1,071. The Republicans elected twenty-two of the forty councilmen. The Board of Education is a tie, being composed of ten Republicans and ten Democrats. The entire city government, however, is still in the hands of the Republicans, except the auditor's and engineer's departments. Nine thousand Republicans failed to vote.

How They Voted in Iowa. DES MOINES, Ia., April 7.—The election here to-day was very quiet, only a light vote being polled. At 11 o'clock it was thought that the entire Republican ticket was elected. There are twenty-one precincts in the city, including the recently annexed portion. KEOKUK, Ia., April 7.—In the municipal

election to-day, the Democrats elected the assessor and four aldermen. The Republicans secured two aldermen.

Divided Honors at Toledo. TOLEDO, April 7.—The municipal election here, to-day, gives the city a Democratic Common Council and a Republican Board of Aldermen, with a Republican majority of one on joint ballot. Henry Oney, Repub-lican candidate for police commissioner, was swamped, as was J. C. Gribben, street commissioner. The vote was very light.

Republican Mayor Elected. HARTFORD, Conn., April 7.-Henry C. Dwight, Republican, was elected Mayor of this city to-day by 105 plurality. The city government is Republican on joint ballot by a majority of 2. This was the first city election under the secret ballot law. 'The polls closed at 5 o'clock and the result was known before 9.

Columbus Republicans Stayed at Home. COLUMBUS, O., April 7 .- The city election passed off quietly, with not more than 60 per cent. of the vote polled. The Democrats elect their entire ticket by majorities ranging from 10 to 1,200, and make substantial gains in the Council. The city, on a poll, is from 200 to 400 Republican.

Democratic Gains at Norwalk.O. NORWALK, O., April 7 .- Democrats elect four out of five councilmen, water-works trustee, assessor and member of the School Board, being great gains in this heretofore

strong Republican stronghold. The proposition to bond the city for \$75,000 for additional water-works was defeated.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ebenezer Nichols, the popular minstrel who became famous as "Little Mack," died of Bright's disease, at New York, yester-

Mayor Carroll, of Rochester, N. Y., newly elected, has begun a warfare against saloons and has ordered that all be closed on James Wells, sixteen years old, and

Eugene Cornell, two years his senior, quarreled over a young lady at Henderson. Ky. The latter was killed. Joseph F. Meeks, the referee in the Flack divorce proceedings, has surrendered himself so as to undergo his sentence of thirty

days in the New York city prison. Rev. D. N. Beach, of the Prospect-street Congregational Church. Boston, who re-cently received a flattering offer from the First Church of St. Louis, has declined

The State Live Stock Board and the city health department of Chicago have again locked horns on the question of the disposition of "lumpy-jawed" cattle found at the stockyards.

Theodore Wilcox, superintendent of the Brooklyn Hospital, was sentenced yesterday to four years' imprisonment for swindling the county by charging for the care of mythical patients. While two Italians were settling a quar-

rel with fists, Sunday night, on the West Shore road track, at Newburg, N. Y., a train struck them, killing one instantly and fatally injuring the other. In consequence of inundation of the machinery at the Dallas, Tex., water-works, there is almost a water famine prevalent.

There is no water to sprinkle the streets or to run electric street lights, and the city is At the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co., New York, it was stated vesterday that cable advices received announced that the condition of J. S. Morgan was worse and that he was not expected to live. He is

still unconscious. During the forenoon, yesterday, there were 3,122 immigrants landed at Castle Garden. This represented the list of six ocean steamers. The German steamship Weazer, which arrived at Baltimore from Bremen. brought 874 immigrants.

By the breaking of the rope on the hoistng machine running two elevators in a building being constructed on Michigan street, Chicago, two men on the elevator were precipitated from the third floor and probably fatally injured.

It is reported that the Indians of Cour d'Oreilles reservation, in Minnesota, are suffering for food, and that the aged and infirm are liable to die of starvation unless supplied at once. There are about thirteen

bundred Indians on the reservation. Hon, H. C. Tupper, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is on his way to Washington. The negotiations in reference to the Behring sea matter are to be re-sumed there this week, necessitating the Minister's presence to assist Sir Julien

FATE OF A RUSSIAN WOMAN

Mme. Tchebrikova Exiled to the Caucasus for Writing a Letter to the Czar.

The Latter's Rage and Dismay Over the Upris ings in His Empire-His Fears of Personal Violence--Army Reforms.

EXILED TO THE CAUCASUS. How Madame Tchebrikova Was Spirited Away

-The Czar's Terror and Rage. LONDON, April 7 .- Madame Tchebrikova, who was reported to have been exiled for her letter to the Czar, is now at Penza, in Caucasus, under a strict police watch. She was conveyed thither hurriedly in a carriage without windows. No halt was made except in the open air. Her food was abominable. She was constantly guarded by gen-darmes and not allowed to speak to any one.

A correspondent has the following to say about the situation in Russia:

All sorts of wild rumors are circulating in St. Petersburg as to a trial of Nihilists said to be proceeding somewhere in that city—no one can find out where—and also about disturbances in various parts of the empire. There seems to be no doubt that in the government of Riazan, the infuriated peasants rose in a body and beat nearly to death the tyrannical young district Governor whom the Czar had sent down to rule the place. Sinister importance attaches to this news, because it is the first time in Russian history that a rural political riot has occured. Heretofore the strength of the autocracy has been in the fact that the country people were stolidly loyal. It can be easily seen that the tidings now of a rustic revolt created deep excitement. The Czar himself is nearly fit to die, what with his state of rage, terror and genuine dismay at the Titanic muddle he has got things into. His illness is ascribed, publicly, to a recurrence of the grip, from which he suffered a good deal during the winter, but there are a great number of reports furtively spread about his having been poisoned, and others pro-fess to know that his nerves and mental balance have completely collapsed under the strain. He is not this year going to Gatschina for Easter, with his family, and this departure from his invariable rule attracts great attention. Of course it is taken to mean that he does not dare to leave the new and desperate outbreak of murderous attempts by the Nihilists. This time, however, there is very little personal sympathy with the Czar. He has had nine years of trial now and it is impossible to name a single particular in which Russia is not worse off than when he began. People

patriot. These things are all very well but they do not alter the fact that his gov-ernment is the meanest, stupidest and worst that Russia has known in this century, and that wherever he has personally interfered the effect has been to increase and intensify its evil character. In truth, he is a thick-headed, obstinate, unintelligent fanatic. without ability or tact enough to manage a carpenter's shop. Things have been so wantonly and persistently mismanaged everywhere that society is falling to pieces about his ears. He knows no way of meeting this universal convulsion save by the knout, the gallows, torture and by exile. The worse the situation grows the more crudely and unwisely does he use his weapons of repression. But they no longer repress. The tide of irritation and dislike is rising higher daily all about him. By comparison with him people look back upon his father as an ideal liberal ruler, and they began with so much significance to call him a martyr to political liberty that his son has been obliged to prohibit usual demonstrations in honor of his eman-cipation of the serfs.

All efforts to bring Russia back into the barbaric despotism of Nichelas have ignominiously failed, and at last the Czar is face to face with an openly hostile nation. What remains of his career may be full of strange surprises. He may turn in despair to the dreadful device of a great European war. More likely he will carry on his single-handed fight with revolution doggedly to the end, and be overwhelmed by it, so to speak, with his boots on; but it is clear that the contest is too uneven to last much longer. All Europe is watching to see his assassination or his flight, lost meanwhile in a maze of wonder and appreheusion as to what will follow. Only events of the first magnitude will now divert attention away from the colossal crisis maturing in Russia, and just now there are no signs of these events.

The Grand Duke Michael Michaelovitch. second son of the Grand Duke Michael, and aid-de-camp of the Czar, has been ordered to the Caucasus for three years. This is due to the opposition of the Czar to the projected marriage between his cousin and a daughter of Count Ignatieff.

GERMAN ARMY REFORMS.

Incomes Necessary to Secure Commissions-Troops to Wear Caps of American Pattern.

BERLIN, April 7 .- It appears that Emperor William's recent order with reference to commissioned officers in the army does not increase the pay, but lowers the scale of private incomes necessary to secure commissions. Hereafter aspirants for commissions in the ritles, foot artillery and pioneers need have private incomes of no more than forty-five marks monthly; those who seek commissions in the field artillery, seventy-five marks monthly, and in the cavalry, one hundred and fifty marks

Marked changes are about being made in the uniform of the army. Conspicuous among them will be the abolition of the famous Prussian military cap and the adoption of one made from an American pattern. The stand-up collar is also doomed. These and other innovations are to follow the introduction of smokeless powder, and are intended to add still further to the invisibility of the soldiers in action. Even the picturesque hussar and other gaily-dressed regiments will have to be re-clothed.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Emperor of Abyssinia at Last Consents to Stop the Traffic in Slaves.

ROME, April 7.-Emperor Menetek, of Abyssinia, has written a letter to Prime Minister Crispi authorizing Italy to represent him at the Brussels anti-slavery congress, and affirming the intention of Ethiopia to follow the example of civilized Christian nations and to repress the slave trade. The letter asks that Italy allow the free passage through her territory of arms required by Abyssinia to fight the Dervishes. Meichacha has arrived at Massowah. He is accredited by Emperor Menelek as Ethiopian resident, and will cooperate with the Italian commander in his administration of the Tiger provinces. Emperor Menelek will withdraw from the Tiger provinces, his enemies having surrendered. The province is unable to supply provisions for a large force of troops.

A Girl's Long Slumber. BERLIN, April 7 .- At Ebingen, in Wurtemburg, Maria Doerthing, the daughter of a wealthy farmer, has lain in a continuous slumber since March 6, when she retired as usual, though complaining of a headache. The girl's respiration is regular, though weak, and her breath can only be detected by the use of a mirror. Her face is unnaturally pale, but retains its former roundness, while her limbs have become wasted. She is fed three times daily on eggs and milk, no difficulty being met in forcing small quantities of this nourishment down her throat. Several physicians have attempted fruitlessly to break the trance, and now the royal physician, Dr. Burkhardt, of Stuttgart, has interested nimself in the case.

Sportsmen Reproached by Stanley. LONDON, April 8.-A dispatch to the Times from Alexandria says: "Stanley reproaches the British East Africa Company for allowing American and Russian sportsmen to exhaust the resources of their territory, which, he says, will be required some

day for railway laborers-merely to deco-

and horns, without any return. It is better, he says, to allow the district to fall into the hands of Germany, which will not permit English buccaneers in her territory. He had hoped that Germany would prevent a single shot from being fired for cruel

Ex-Dietator Sent to Prison. LIMA, Peru, April 7 .- Senor Pierola, the ex-dictator, finding that he stood no chance of winning in the coming presidential elections, attempted to stir up riots in this city. He was promptly committed to prison by the government, whose action has the entire support of public opinion, which refuses to tolerate any more such lawlessness. Pierola has withdrawn his candidature, and an agreement has since been affected between the other two candidates, with the sanction of the government. It is believed, in consequence of this agreement, that the election, to be held on Sunday next, will proceed quietly.

Cretan Churches Pillaged by Turks. CANDIA, Crete, April 7 .- Bodies of Turkish troops have piliaged Christian churches and insulted Christians in the province of Candia. At the request of the foreign consul. Chakir Pasha, the Governor has or-dered an inquiry to be made into the out-rages. The mixed commissions will inquire as to the extent of the damages the Christians have suffered, and the Turks will be compelled to compensate them when the amount is ascertained.

Portuguese Ministry of Education. LISBON, April 7.-A decree has been issued creating a special Ministry of Education, with Senhor Arroyo at its head. Among the functions of the new ministry will be the regulation of the right of public meeting, and the empowering of officials to prohibit entertainments at which institutions or persons may be attacked. The liberty of the press is guaranteed under certain regu

BERLIN. April 7 .-- At the medical congress, about to assemble here, the following American lecturers have been selected to make addresses: From New York, Drs. Kidd, Andrew N. Smith, Abraham Jacobi, Loomis and Cutter; from Baltimore, Drs. Osler and Finlar, and from Ohio, Dr. Kim-

American Doctors at Berlin.

Cable Notes. Mr. Henry M. Stanley left Cairo ye

day for Brussels. The census shows that there are 30,229 Germans in Paris and 35,718 in the Department of the Seine. The Soir says it is time the government stopped the invasion of

"Nixie," the new play written by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, was produced at Terry's London Theater, yesterday. It was favorably received. Miss Lucy Web-ling took the part of "Nixie." Prince Albert Victor of Wales arrived at

Cairo yesterday, on his way from India to have grown tired of saying in extenuation that after all he is a personally devoted and well-intentioned man, an excellent husband and a sincere Egyptian officials, who welcomed him to the city.

> THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH. She Is a Perfect Thoroughbred and Astonished New Yorkers.

Neither the good clothes nor the coat-ofarms worn by the Duchess of Mariborough have interested the ladies of New York as much as the slender proportions of her figure. At her first public appearance in the Metropolitan Opera-house, the night Mme. Patti made her debut, an exclamation of as-

tonishment ran around the horseshoe. "How slight!" "A perfect thoroughbred!" "What has she done?"

The Duchess is slight and a perfect thoroughbred in bearing and outline; her flesh has vanished, and the things she has done, or rather the things she has refrained from doing, entitle her to be classed among the heroines of society.
When she married the Duke of Marlborough she was more than plump. She filled

"Where is her flesh?" is a sample of the

wondering inquiry that passed from critic

out every crease and wrinkle that escaped her bodice-maker; her breath was short, her step considerably heavier than the rustle of angels' wings, and the slightest exertion distressed her. She consulted an up-town adipose doctor, who, after a careful diagnosis, pronounced her case chronic. Then she was plain Mrs.

Hamersley, but a very pretty woman pre-disposed to take up considerable room in "Lady Jane," the Doctor informed her, was shadowy by comparison to her possi-

bilities." This revelation horrified the pretty widow, who at once offered superior finan-cial inducement and pledged herself to carry out minutely whatever prescription he warranted to relieve her. A bargain was closed, and the treatment began at once, and has been religiously adhered to

Here are some of the restrictions: Not a morsel of bread, cake, rolls or pas-No tea, coffee, chocolate or sweet wine. No potatoes, peas, rice, carrots, turnips, naccaroni, cheese, butter, cream, custard

iellies or sweets. Not a drop of ice-water. No warm baths. No flannel, and only enough clothing to keep from taking cold. No bedroom heat.

Not a drop of any liquid food at meals. In place of bread she had fruit, a section of apple or orange; some fresh grapes, berries, cherries or stewed fruit being used where ordinarily one craves a bit of bread or a swallow of water. Her diet was limited to two meals a day, breakfast at 10 and dinner at 7, with the following bill of fare to select from: Rare, lean meats, game and poultry, soft-boiled eggs, sea foods, toast, lettuce, spinach, celery, cresses, fruits.

She had half a gallon of hot water to drink every day, with lemon jnice in it to take away the flat taste. Cold water was denied her, and ales, frappes, champagne and claret strictly forbidden. She was even forced to forego the luxury of bathing in water, in place of which she had sponge and vapor baths. Every few days she took a fast, allowing the system to consume the adipose tissue. While no limit was put upon the pleasure of driving or riding, she was asked to select the roughest, rockiest roads and to walk from

five to ten miles a day in the open air.
This practice of self-denial the Duchess of Marlborough has persisted in for the last two years, and to-day she is perhaps the handsomest woman of her age in New York society. She weighs about 140 pounds, her eyes are bright, her complexion is as clear as a school-girl's and she has the carriage of a cadet and the health of a child of na-

Considering the fact that Blenheim Castle is constantly filled with company and that the Duke is a gourmet and something of a gourmand, this beautiful American deserves much credit for her forbearance, even if it is the price of her beauty.

Insane Over an Actor.

NEW YORK, April 7 .- Miss Harriet E. Coffin, an beiress and the grand-daughter of the late Judge Coffin, of Cincinnati, O., was brought before Judge Cullen, in Brooklyn, to-day, to determine her mental condition. She has been, for about a year, confined in a private asylum, at Amityville, L. I., on account of her eccentric behavior toward Kyrle Bellew, the actor. A decision that Miss Coffin was insane was arrived at by the jury. At the asylum she is said to be very violent at times. She has an income of \$2,400 a year.

His Muscles Alive with Trichinge. NEW YORK, April 7 .- Vincenso Paternoster, an Italian laborer, is on a cot at the Ward's Island Hospital suffering from trichinaisis. The man is only twenty-four years old, and his muscles are fairly alive with trichinæ. They are the result of his eating some pork, almost raw, over two weeks ago. He will probably die. Paternoster is now suffering intense agony. Opiates are given to deaden the pain and tonics to keep up his strength. He has no friends or relatives in this country, so far

Ballot-Reform Kelps Republicans.

as known.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The fact that the Republican vote in Rhode Island this year under the Australian ballot was relatively larger than last year under the old scheme will furnish the stalwart Democrats of the country with another argument against the system. 'The trouble with political reforms of all sorts is that they help the Republicans and hurt rate their stuccoed walls with furs, hides the Democrats.

Highest of all in Leavening Power. - U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROBBED BY ITS MANAGERS

Heavy Defalcations Cause the Suspension of a New York Brokerage Firm.

Branch Office of George K. Sistares & Sons Short \$150,000-A Like Shortage at Detroit Two Years Ago-Other Business Troubles.

NEW YORK, April 7 .- George K. Sistare & Sons' failure was announced on the Stock Exchange to-day. The firm is one of the most prominent in the street. A member of the firm says that the failure was caused by a heavy defalcation in their Philadelphia office. The firm gave the following statement: "Douglas Hilger was manager of Geo. K. Sistares & Sons' Philadelphia office. That office was found to be short \$150,000. Mr. Hilger died Saturday. This and the Detroit defalcation of A. M. Stanton for \$150,000, a few years ago, caused the suspension."

A dispatch from Philadelphia says: "The

only member of the firm of George K. Sistare & Sons who has resided in Philadelphia was Mr. Douglas Hilger, who died at his home here about a week ago, after two weeks' illness. At the time of his death there was quiet talk on the street that Mr. Hilger's accounts with the firm were heavily overdrawn, but no public announcement of the affair had been made until the receipt of the dispatches from New York to-day announcing the failure of the firm in consequence of a defalcation in the Philadelphia office. At the office of the firm, No. 115 South Fifth street, this afternoon, nothing could be learned regarding the matter. A couple of young clerks were the only persons in the office, and they informed all inquirers that they had been instructed by the firm in New York to give no information to the public beyond the statement that the firm had suspended payment. They referred all newspaper reporters to the New York office for information." Sistare & Sons had been in business forty

years. A member of the firm stated to-night that the defalcation of the Philadelphia representative of the house amounted to over \$100.000. He would not say how much more. The shortage, he said, was known before Hilger's death. which occurred March 29. He would not say whether proceedings had been taken against the defaulter, nor whether Hilger had committed suicide, nor what was the cause of his death. No statement of the firm's affairs could be made until to-morrow. The firm expected to resume shortly, as they had no liabilities outside of the Philadelphia office. Street rumors place the firm's liabilities at \$500,-000, and the defalcation at about the same figure. Two years sago A. M. Stanton, the Detroit manager for the firm, caused it a loss of \$150,000 by falsifying his accounts, but the firm recovered from this blow and continued to enjoy a high credit.

Wall-street men generally, in talking of the suspension, expressed a decided incredulity that the defalcation of \$150,000 could alone account for the disaster. The firm has always enjoyed a splendid reputation among investors. No shadow has ever been cast upon its methods, or upon any member of the firm. It has passed safely through more than one financial panic, and no one on the Stock Exchange, it is reported, had any suspicion that disaster was among the possibilities at the present time. The firm has done an active business, of an investment nature, in city and railroad bonds, as well as of a speculative character, and had branches up town and in Philadelphia.

Caleb H. Needles, who acted as manager of the office of Sistares Sons, in Philadel-phia, stated to-night that he understood that the late Mr. Hilger speculated in stocks through Philadelphia brokers and lost a large amount of money, exactly how much he did not know, but he thought it would reach the sum stated in the New York dispatches, \$50,000. The family indignantly deny the rumor that he committed suicide. He was ill for two weeks previous to his death and during the last three days of his life he was unsconscious from the effects of his disease. A reputable physician who attended him during his illness certified that he died of typho.d fever.

St. Louis, April 7 .- Moses Fraley, the well-known broker, is again in financial trouble. He has been the heaviest "short" in May wheat in this market for a month past, and to-day the course of the market proved too much for him. A failure to respond to margin calls was the first intimation the trade had that he was in trouble. He had laid down on his contracts. as he had twice before, refusing to carry them any further. Mr. Fraley had been a strong "bull" on the market, and a firm be-liever in high prices. As the market did not go his way he suddenly turned bearish. The market has been going against him, and culminated, to-day, in an advance of 2 cents. The news of the failure caused con-

siderable excitement on 'Change. It was quietly rumored early in the day that Mr. Fraley was in trouble, it being whispered that a check of only \$80 on him was thrown out of a certain bank. But Mr. Fraley appeared on the floor and sold May wheat all the way up the line of fluctuations to 80 cents, for a time, but when he failed to respond the heavy margin calls the heavy margin calls poured in from New York Chicago and this city, it was then generally known that he was in the mire. The margins to-day run up on him to the amount of \$210,000. This was more than he could stand, and he laid down his contracts and refused to carry them any longer. He came on the floor and made a desperate fight to keep the market down, but it went against him, the advance being 2 cents. Mr. Fraley has for some time held the stock of cash wheat in this market, amounting now to about 1,280,000 bushels. He is short, however, at least 2,000,000 bushels in his transactions in futures. It is expected that he will settle at about 79 cents. Durthe Fraley trouble the wildest excitement prevailed on 'Change, the whoops of the dealers ringing like those of Comanche Indians at times. Mr. Fraley was seen, but he had nothing to say in explanation, except that he had been caught between trades and could not stand the call of almost a quarter of a million in margins. He plainly showed evidences of nervous excitement. as he walked here and there in his office and read the shower of telegrams that were pouring in upon him.

Equitable Bank Will Close. NEW YORK, April 7 .- The directors of the Equitable Bank bave decided to close its doors. One of the directors claims that of late the bank has been losing money. The deposits have dropped down to a figure where there is very little profit for the concern. The depositors have been notified to withdraw their money, and then the surplus, if there is any, will be divided pro rata among the stockholders.

Charges Against a Real-Estate Dealer. Manneapolis, April 7 .- F. P. Norris, a real-estate dealer, has disappeared, and numerous charges of crooked dealings on his part are coming to light. Fraudulent real-estate deals and forgery, both of checks and deeds, are the offenses complained of.

Poor Old Dom Pedro. Augusta Chronicle.

History has few more pathetic pictures than that of Dom Pedro, dethroned, exiled. bereft and dying in a foreign land. The loss of empire and country, the death of There are be his wife, were followed by the appearance small fruits.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES. From Indianapolis Union Station.

Easi-West- South-North Trains run by Central Standard Time. Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore (d 4:30 a m. Washington, Philadelphia and New d 2:55 p m.

Arrive from the East, d 11:40 am., d 12:50 pm. Arrive from the East, d 11:40 am., d 12:50 pm.
and d 10:20 pm.
Leave for Columbus, 9:00 am.; arrive from Columbus, 3:50 pm.; leave for Richmond, 4:00 pm.; arrive from Richmond, 9:40 am.
Leave for Chicago, d 10:35 am., d 12:20 am.; arrive from Chicago, d 4:05 pm.; d 3:55 am.
Leave for Louisville, d 4:00 am., 7:35 am., d 4:10 pm., 5:20 pm. Arrive from Louisville, 9:50 am., d 10:30 am., 5:50 pm., d 12:15 am.
Leave for Vincennes and Cairo, 7:25 am., 4:10 pm.; arrive from Vincennes and Cairo; 10:30 am., 5:12 pm.

am., 5:12 pm.

d, daily: other trains except Sunday. VANDALIA LINE—SHORTEST ROUTE TO SE.
LOUB AND THE WEST.
Trains arrive and leave Indianapolis as follows:
Leave for St. L., 7:30 cm, 11:50 am, 1:00 pm, 11:00 pm.

BIG KOUIE

Peoria Division (Late I., B. & W. R'y.) SHORT LINE Bast and West.

Trains at Indianapolis:

Arrive-*7:20 a. m. *10:40 p. m. Depart-*7:45 am, *11:15 pm, 12:05 noon, 5:00 pm. GOING EAST.

Arrive—*6:45 pm, *S:40 am, 2:40 pm, 10:15 a.m.

Depart—*7:15 pm. *4:00 am.

*Daily,

City Offices—138 South Illinois street, and southeast corner Washington and Meridian streets. THE VESTIBULED

PULLMAN CAR LINE. LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. No. 2—Chicago Express, daily ex. Sunday....7:30 am Arrive in Chicago 2:30 pm. No. 32—Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining car, daily.......11:10 am

Arrive in Chicago 5:00 pm.

No. 34—Chicago Night Ex., Pullman Vestibuled coaches and sleepers, daily.

Arrive in Chicago 7:35 am. ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

 No. 31—Vestibule
 3:55 pm

 No. 33—Vest bule
 3:55 am

 No. 1—Night Express
 8:35 am

 p. m., daily. Ticket Offices—No. 26 South Illinois street and at Union Station



(black and galvanized). Valves, Stop Cooks, Engine Trimmings, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belting, Babbitt Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water Natural Steam and Water. Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Stererooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from 1s inch to 12 inches diameter. KNIGHT & JILLSON, 75 & 77 S.Pennsylvania st

of decaying powers, and the last of the Briganzas has received the final rites of the church. Dom Pedro bore his misfor-tunes pluckily. He declined to receive pension or favor from the new republic. Probably he longed to return to Brazil and die, but fate has cut him down in a strange

"COAL OIL JOHNNY,"

Comfortably Fixed on a Minnesota Farm-One Evidence of Sound Judgment Kansas City Times.

Mr. J. Oakley, the owner of extensive stone quarries at Kansas City, Kan., once owned the farm in Pennsylvania which made "Coal Oil Johnny" rich and famous. Reports have been floating around the circles of the daily papers that "Coal Oil Johnny" had become a beggar and a tramp. Mr. Oakley is familiar with the circumstances, and he denies the report most emphatically.

That "Coal Oil Johnny" is not reduced to penury is not the fault of that eccentric individual. The stories of the purchases of horses and carriages and presenting them to coachmen, of his giving porters at hotels diamond pins, of suppers costing thousands of dollars will be remembered until coal oil is a forgotten product. His sudden elevation from driving mules at a salary of \$20 per month to the title of millionaire, by the death of his mother, who owned one of the best oil farms in Pennsylvania, will sound like a fairy tale to future generations. At one time "Coal Oil Johnny" was worth \$3,000,000 and he had an income of a thousand dollars a day from oil weils.

While his Minnesota farm will not yield a royal income like the lands once owned in Pennsylvania, yet Mr. Oakley savs that they are worth perhaps \$150,000. "Coal Oil Johnny" had a guardian appointed at the request of his uncle, and it is due to the action of the courts that any property remains. He is allowed \$150 per month, and is as happy on his farm as he was when traveling over the country chartering steamboats and railroad trains, purchasing hotels and managing minstrel troupes. It is said that there is just one thing in the world that "Coal Oil Johnny" never invested in, and that is a daily newspaper.

Raising Sweet Potatoes.

The usual way is to mark out furrows four feet apart, in warm soil and exposure. to put good barn-yard compost thickly in the furrows, then ridge up the soil over the manure by means of plow or hoe, and set the plants about two feet apart along the top of the ridge. The operation of planting can be done most safely as follows: Select good, stout, well-rooted plants. Dip their roots in water, then distribute along the row and immediately plant by inserting the plant into a hole made into the center of the ridge with the index finger and pressing the soil firmly about the roots so that a cup-like depression is left, with the plant standing firmly in the center, A little water may be poured into this cup afterwards. I have frequently used "fertilizer" (some good special potato manure) with very excellent success. Common, good cultivation is given. In hoeing the soil is drawn up to the plants, and when the vines have begun to run they should be occasionally lifted up from the ground to prevent them from taking root between the rows or hills as they are otherwise very apt to do. On the approach of the first fall frost the vines are cut off a few inches above the surface

as every bruise or cut invites speedy decay. When a farmer once raises small fruits for himself and family he will never be without them again if he can prevent it. There are both enjoyment and health in

and the tubers lifted out with spading fork

or other convenient tool. Care should be

exercised to prevent bruising the tubers.